Closing Tues:

6.3, 6.4

Closing Thur:

6.5

	Ordinary (Payments at END of each period)	Due (Payments at BEGINNING of each period)
FV (Balance Growing)	$F = R \frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i}$	$F = R \frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i} (1+i)$
PV (Balance Shrinking)	$P = R \frac{1 - (1+i)^{-n}}{i}$	$P = R \frac{1 - (1+i)^{-n}}{i} (1+i)$

$$\mathbb{K}$$
 = amount of each regular payment

= decimal interest rate

m = num. of compoundings in a year

Compute:

$$i = \frac{r}{m}$$
 = rate at each compounding $n = mt$ = total payments

Interest and Annuities: Since R = payment amount, and R = total number of payments $R \cdot n =$ total amount paid.

Thus, for FV questions

Total interest earned = $F - R \cdot n$ and for PV questions

Total interest paid = $R \cdot n - P$

HW 6.3 / 6: Grandparents plan to open an account on their grandchild's birthday and contribute each month until she goes to college. How much must hey contribute at the beginning of each month in an investment that pays 6%, compounded monthly, if they want the balance to be 200,000 at the end of 18 years?

And how much total interest do they earn?

"-CONTRIBUTE EACH
$$\Rightarrow$$
 ANNUITY

"ONTH..." \Rightarrow DUE

"... BEGINNING..." \Rightarrow DUE

"... balance to be \$\frac{1}{2}200,000." \Rightarrow FV

 $F = R \frac{(1+i)^n-1}{i} (1+i)$
 $i = \frac{0.06}{12} = 0.005$, $n = mt = 12.18 = 216$ PAYMENTS!

 $F = {}^2200,000$, $R = ??$
 $200000 = R \frac{(1.005)^{216}-1}{0.005} (1.005)$
 $200000 = R \cdot 389.28996$
 $R = \frac{200000}{389.28996} \approx 513.75586$
 $R = \frac{200000}{389.28996} \approx 513.75586$

∀ W Question 6.3 Problem 7(a)(b):

A small business owner contributes

2000 at the end of each quarter to a
retirement account that earns 10%

compounded quarterly.

(a) How long will it be until the account sourth \$150,000? (Round your answer to the nearest quarter.)

ANNUITY!
$$\hat{t} = \frac{0.10}{4} = 0.025$$
"END" \Rightarrow ORDINARY $\hat{t} = \frac{0.10}{4} = \frac{0.025}{4}$
"UNTIL ACCOUNT IS WONTH." \Rightarrow FV

 $\hat{t} = \frac{(1+\hat{t})^n - 1}{\hat{t}}$
 $\hat{t} = \frac{(1.025)^n - 1}{0.025}$
 $\hat{t} = \frac{(1.025)^n - 1}{0.025}$
 $1.875 = (1.025)^n - 1$
 $2.875 = (1.025)^n$
 $1n(2.875) = n ln(1.025)$
 $n = \frac{ln(2.875)}{ln(1.025)} \approx 42.76796$
 $n \approx 43$ QVARTERS \Rightarrow 4t = 43
 \Rightarrow t ≈ 10.69 years

(b) Suppose when the account reaches \$150,000, the business owner increases the contributions to \$4000 at the end of each quarter. What will the total value of the account be after 15 more years?

② \$4000 END OF EACH QUARTER FV, ordinary annuity!
$$F = R \frac{(1+i)^{n}-1}{i} = 4000 \frac{(1.025)^{60}-1}{0.025}$$

$$\approx $543,966.36$$

(Old Final Question)

Immediately after graduating from college, Julian started a savings plan, depositing \$200 at the end of each month in an account paying 3% interest, compounded monthly. After 6 years, Julian stopped making payments but left the money in the account, gaining in terest at the same rate, for an additional 4 years.

- (a) How much money is in the account in 6 years?
- (b) How much money is in the account in 10 years?

(a) FIRST SIX YEARS, ANNUTY, FV, ORDINARY

$$F = R \frac{(1+6)^{n}-1}{C} \qquad t = \frac{0.03}{12} = 0.0025$$

$$N = 12. t = 72 \text{ months}$$

$$F = 200 \frac{(1.0025)^{72}-1}{0.0025}$$

$$F \approx 15.755.8774 \implies 15.755.88$$

(b) NEXT FOUR YEARS, LUMP SUM!
$$F = P (1 + \frac{\pi}{m})^{mt}$$

$$\Gamma = \frac{\pi}{m} = 0.0025$$

$$\Gamma = n + 12.4 = 48 \text{ months}$$